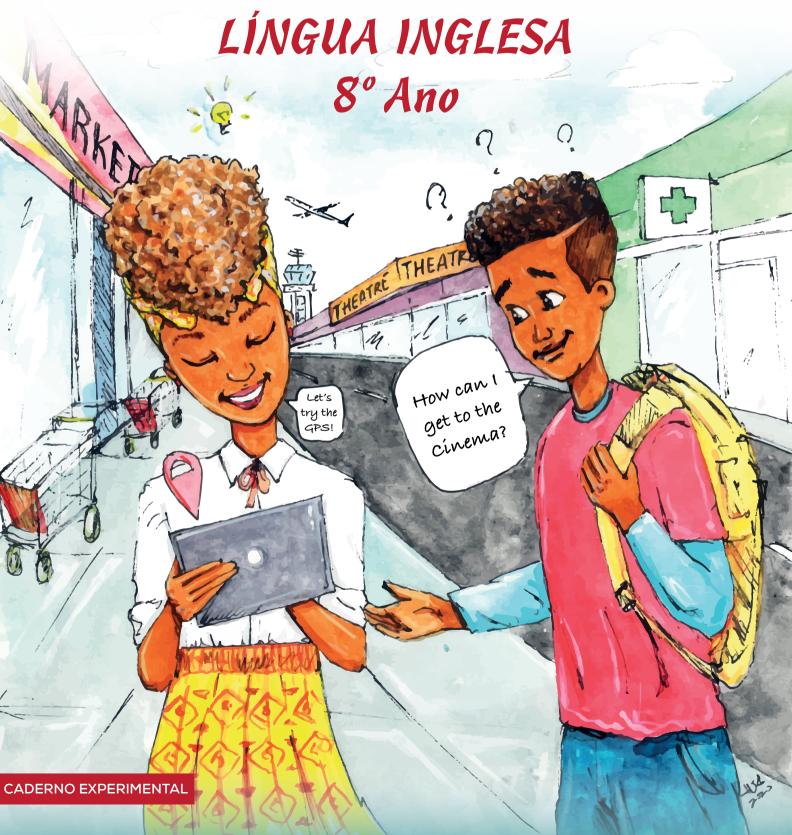
# Going Places



### Title

Going places- Língua Inglesa - 8º Ano

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**REVISION UNIT** 

05















# **REVISION UNIT**











### **UNIT 1: ABOUT SCHOOL**

1. Classroom Posters: with your classmates and teacher, create classroom posters with school rules learnt in the 7th grade. Illustrate your posters with images from magazines or drawings.

# 2. <u>Crosswords</u>: find these eight school facilities in the following word search.

Classroom, canteen, computer room, auditorium, copy center, playground, library, lab.

R	С	М	L	Р	В	Е	С	А	Т	J
E	Н	А	D	I	0	А	G	E	В	F
G	В	М	K	S	N	Х	L	Α	J	D
I	F	Т	Р	Т	R	I	J	U	Н	L
S	W	Α	E	Х	0	В	V	D	Z	Z
Т	Z	E	Q	Т	F	E	R	I	S	С
R	N	Р	Т	S	М	N	Z	Т	0	0
А	С	L	А	S	S	R	0	0	М	М
Т	М	Α	I	I	L	Α	S	R	Р	Р
I	Р	Y	W	В	F	D	0	I	K	U
0	U	G	Т	G	R	a	U	U	E	Т
N	Т	R	Α	Н	L	А	S	М	G	E
0	E	0	K	В	W	F	R	N	Н	R
F	R	U	Р	I	Α	G	E	Y	a	R
F	R	N	D	V	R	L	N	Α	Z	0
I	0	D	F	В	D	U	В	S	R	0
С	0	Р	Y	С	E	N	Т	E	R	М
Е	М	Z	Е	Р	Y	Т	L	Z	W	Т

3. Sentence Completion: look at the images and complete the following sentences using the words at/in/on and the pictures to complete the sentences.

E.g. Bia and Nando study <u>in</u> a school.			
a) Bia takes her afternoon rest			
b) Nando's birthday is	August 10		
c) Bia and Nando study and then go to bed	C.		

### **UNIT 2: LEISURE TIME**

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=5xzjFaHcoxk

- 1. <u>Video session</u>: watch the following video about a love story of Alice and Josh and then do the following exercises.
- a) Write down all the regular verbs in simple past you hear in this story.

Verbs	Ending Pronunciation

- b) Watch the video again and answer the following questions.
- a) What did Josh ask Alice? \_\_\_\_
- b) What did they like in common?
- c) Where did Alice and Josh travel to?
- d) Where did they stay? \_\_\_\_\_
- e) Why did Alice cry?
- c) Retell this story to your partner.

### **UNIT 3: AROUND THE TABLE**

1. Unscramble the words that appear in  $\square$ . Then, use them to complete the final message.

### At the table

NUCLH				
BAKTSFARE		XXX		
DENINR				
NAD				
	<u> Ш</u> Д ,	$\Box$ ,		ARE
MEAL	5			

### 2. Find the words in the word search puzzle to find the hidden message.

Ν	Κ	Ν	ı	F	Е	F	Т	0	R	Κ	S	Р	0	Ν
Ν	ı	Α	Κ	Р	Κ	Α	ı	Ν	Α	Ν	D	Т	А	В
L	Е	Κ	М	R	В	Α	Т	С	F	Е	Z	J	Н	Р
F	S	М	Р	L	0	Т	Z	W	L	S	F	G	Κ	ı
Z	Р	W	Е	Α	V	F	F	В	Α	Ν	I	I	D	W
R	Е	М	F	В	Ν	V	Α	S	Т	М	Q	G	Ν	0
U	Α	L	Q	D	ı	Т	D	Т	Т	W	W	Е	Α	Н
Т	W	U	W	Z	Т	Н	W	Е	Е	Р	С	Α	S	Α
I	Е	R	Α	ı	В	М	Р	Р	S	S	F	L	Т	Е
U	I	Q	F	S	W	Т	С	Κ	Κ	U	Α	Z	S	Н
V	W	G	ı	F	Ν	Z	D	Α	Т	W	D	F	Р	L
W	В	D	Υ	Ε	F	ı	Ν	Κ	Χ	Ν	D	Е	0	В
С	U	G	0	L	М	М	Ν	U	R	F	R	S	0	D
Н	F	Z	Υ	Р	1	R	٧	Υ	М	Z	Υ	Α	Ν	М
Р	V	R	J	0	G	R	Р	ı	W	Ν	ı	Т	Z	Α

AND	
FORK	
KNIFE	
NAPKIN	
SET	
SPOON	
TABLEMAT	

 ,		,	·
	are used to		the table

# 5

### 3. Complete the dialogue using polite expressions.

Bia: Gio, \_\_\_\_\_\_ you pass me the salt and pepper, \_\_\_\_\_?

Gio: Sure. Here they are.

Bia: \_\_\_\_\_ you!

Gio: You are \_\_\_\_\_\_.

### **UNIT 4: ENVIRONMENT AND ANIMALS**

### 1. Match the pictures to the environmental problem.

- 1. Deforestation
- 2. Plastic waste
- 3. Eating habits
- 4. Trash

5. Water waste











# 2. Look at the phrases below and identify if they are problems (causes), consequences or solutions. The first one has been done for you.

**g)** Plastic waste

a) Eating habits

<ul> <li>b) Stop using plastics</li> <li>c) Animals choke</li> <li>d) Sharks are disappeari</li> <li>e) Deforestation</li> <li>f) Put trash in the trash k</li> </ul>	i) Trash on the beading j) Change eating hok) Turtles die or get	<ul> <li>h) Animals lose their habitat</li> <li>i) Trash on the beach</li> <li>j) Change eating habits</li> <li>k) Turtles die or get hurt</li> <li>l) Planting trees</li> </ul>			
Cause	Consequences	Solutions			
a) Eating habits	b. Sharks are disappearing	k. Change eating habits			
'because', 'due to' ar	nd phrases in exercise 2 nd 'the reason why'. sappearing due to our eating h	_			



### **UNIT 5: WEATHER, SEASONS & CLOTHES**

### 1. Complete the chart with information.

What month is it?	What season is it?	How is the weather?	What do you wear?	What can you do?
1 – J	It is	It is and	I wear	I can
3 - M 4 - A 5 - M	It is	It is and	I wear	I can
6 – J 7 – J 8 – A	It is	It is and	I wear	I can
9 - S 10 - O 11 - N	It is	It is and	I wear and	I can and
12 - D	It is summer, winter spring, autumn	It is and  hot, cold, cool, warm rainy, sunny, windy, snowy	I wear and  a hat, an umbrella, sunglasses a shirt, a jacket, a cost, a raincost shorts, pants, a dress, a skirt shoes, boots. flip floos, ice skates	I can and  fly a kite, go swimming, ride a bike, build a snowman go roller skating, climb a tree, ride a sled, eat ice cream

### 2. Sort the clothes according to the weather.



Sunny: _		
Rainy: _		
Snown.		

### **UNIT 6: AROUND TOWN**

### 1. Match the names with places.

Drugstore	
Boutique	
Pet Shop	
Grocery	
Barber	
Library	
School	
Butcher	



















### 2. Answer the following questions:

a. Where is your school located? My school is located \_\_\_\_\_

b.ls there a library in your town?

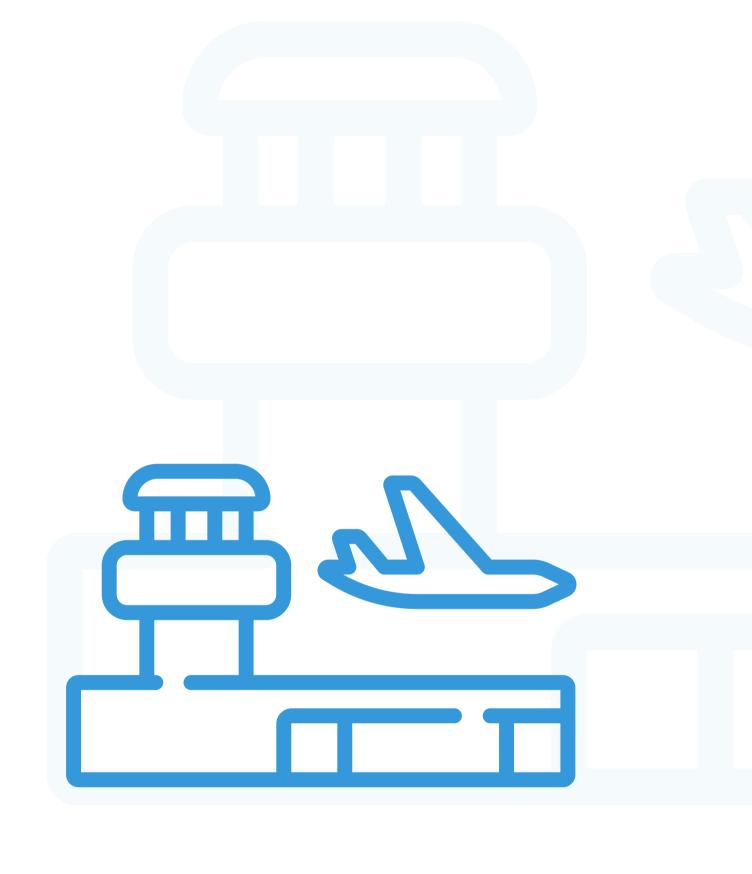
c. What is another way to call a "drugstore"? It is a \_\_\_\_\_\_



### **UNIT 7: COUNTRIES AND NATIONALITIES**

1. Write the name of the countries you studied on the  $7^{\text{th}}$  grade and their nationalities.

Countries	Flags	Nationalities



# UNIT 1 At the Airport

### By the end of this unit, you will be able to:

- Select airport vocabulary/expressions or phrases and use them accurately and effectively in sentences and dialogues
  - Create a dialogue based on some situations at the airport
    - Ask for and follow directions at the airport















### Word file

### 1. Write captions for the pictures below using words in the box.

carousel	trolley luggage	check-in and hand baggage	wheelchair	gate
check-in-desk	x-ray machine	boarding pass & passport	airport Board	l



1.



3.



3.



4.



5.



6.



7.



8. \_\_\_\_\_



9. \_\_\_\_\_



# 2. Look at the images and describe them using these following expressions:

is taxing is landing is taking off are disembarking are boarding



**Ex.** The plane is taking off



\_\_\_\_\_





\_\_\_\_

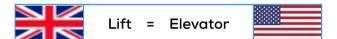


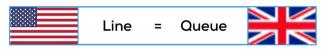
\_\_\_\_

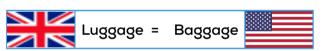


### Language fact















# 1. Listen to the audio and complete the following text to get the correct airport expression given in the box:

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=jy88ejZrPWw

by plane   drops them off   stand   bags on the scale   boarding gate   through
their luggage   the check-in counter   the number of bags   in an empty tray   escalator   on holidays
takes them to the airport   show their passport   go through   boarding announcement   in the trunk
a nice flight   check their bags and get their boarding pass   on the plane   boarding bridge
1. The family is going
2. They will travel
3. Days before travelling, they pack
4. They call the taxi, it arrives and they put their bags
5. The taxi driver and then at the airport entrance.
6. The taxi driver wishes them
7. The first place they go when they arrive at the airport is because they need to
8. Before the check-in, they need to in a queue.
9. At the check-in counter, they, say the they have, and put the
10. They can take their handbags
11. After the check-in, theysecurity process: put their personal belongings and step
12. Then, they go to taking the
13. At the boarding gate, they wait for the
14. Finally, they receive a call to go to the plane, and they take the that takes them directly to the plane.





### Modal verbs are used for different situations. For instance,

· to express ability: Can



- · to ask for permission and polite requests: May, Can, Could
- for polite offer and invitation: Would

### **Exercises**

# 1. Read the following situations and rewrite the sentence using the appropriate modal verb.

**Ex.** The airport security informs you that it is possible to do self-checking. <u>You can do the self-checking.</u>

- a. 1. The airport security asks permission to see your travel document before the check-in.
- b. 2. You ask the cleaning lady for direction to go to the toilet.
- c. 3. Because of the weather, there is a possibility to have your flight cancelled.
- d. 4. The check-in clerk wants the passenger to put the baggage on the scale.







### **Check-in my luggage**

1. Read and complete the dialogue with the missing expressions in the box. Listen to your teacher to check your answers.

do you have to check in?   excuse-me, where is   pay excess kilos/pay extra
an aisle or window seat   any hand luggage
A: Good morning. Can I have your ticket and passport, please?
B: Good morning. Sure, here you are.
A: Thank you. Would you prefer?
B: A window seat, please.
A: All right. How many bags?
B: These two suitcases.
A: I am afraid your suitcases are overweight. You have to
B: Oh! How much extra do I have to pay? Can I pay by credit card?
A: We charge \$50 per extra kilo. Yes, we accept credit cards. Do you have any
B: Yes, only my brief case and laptop.
A: So, your seat number is 9A. Here is your boarding pass and passport. They will start boarding 20 minutes before the departure time. You should be at the gate D by then.
B: the Gate number, please?
A: Go to all gates section, pass through the security procedures and then you follow the flights information on the screens.
B: Sorry, where is this all gate section?
A: It is around the corner and down the hall.
B: Thank you.
A: you're welcome. Have a nice flight.

### 2. Role-play the dialogue with your partner.





airline-pre-boarding.mp3	airline-final-boarding.mp3

1. Listen to these two pre-boarding announcements, final boarding announcement, and write the number of the flight and the name of the city where each plane is going.

Speaker	Flight no	City
А		
В		

2. Listen again and complete the gaps with the words and numbers you hear.

a.	Good afternoon passengers. This i	s the pre-boarding	for flight 426BM to
	Rome. We are now inviting those	with small child	ren, and
	any passengers requiring	assistance, to begin	at this time.
	Please have your boarding pass of	and ready. Reg	ular board will begin in
	approximately	minutes time. Thank you.	
٥.	This is the boa	rding call for	Erin and Fred Collins
	booked on to Kans	sas City . Please proceed to g	gate
	immediately. The final	are being completed and	the will
	order for the doors of the	to close approximately _	minutes
	time. I: this is the	boarding call for	Thank you.







### Reading

# 1. Read the following airport departure board and complete the spaces accordingly.

	INTERNATIONAL SAL AIRPORT DEPARTURE BOARD				
TIME	FLIGHT	DESTINATION	GATE	REMARKS	
08:30	FY 540	BEIJING	23	CANCELLED	
08:45	ZX 978	LISBON	12	FINAL CALL	
09:00	TV 678	QATAR	4	DEPARTED	
09: 05	ER 432	DAKAR	7	FINAL CALL	
11:20	SW 769	BOSTON	19	BOARDING	
13:30	OP 412	LONDON	15	DELAYED	
20:45	HX 568	CASA BLANCA	6	GATE CHANGED	
21:40	GV 149	AMSTERDAM	9	DEPARTED	

Ex.: The flight FY 540 with destination to Beijing on gate 23 is not going to leave. It is cancelled.

1	The flight ZX 978 to	Lishon is	departing now	lt is	on gate
⊥.			acbai tii ia i iovv.	1113	ongate

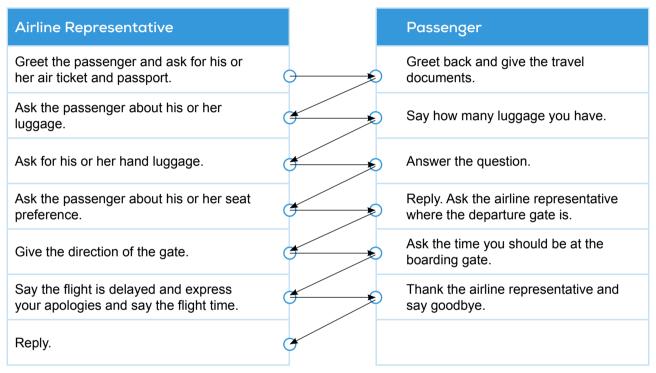
- 2. The flight TV 678 to Qatar has already left. It is \_\_\_\_\_\_.
- 3. The gate for the flight HX 568 to Casa Blanca has a different gate. It is \_\_\_\_\_\_.
- 4. The flight OP 412 to London is late. It is \_\_\_\_\_\_.
- 5. The passengers of the flight **SW 769** to Boston *are going* to the plane. They are \_\_\_\_\_\_.



## **P** Speaking

1. Imagine a situation in which you spent 2 weeks in South Africa in an exchange program. Then, you are going back home. When you get to the airport, you go to the check-in desk. In pairs, prepare the dialogue; one of you is the airline representative and the other is the passenger.

Perform this situation by following these table Instructions.



### Different ways to wish someone an amazing flight:

Have a nice flight!	Enjoy your travel!	Have a sound and safe trip!
---------------------	--------------------	-----------------------------



# Research project

1. The airport on your island has been awarded with a famous person's name. Research about his or her life and write a biography of him or her. Insert a picture of him or her on your paper.

Person's Name			
Biography Research (Personal information: birth, family,)			
Education Background	Picture of the person		
Fun Fact	Major Accomplishments		





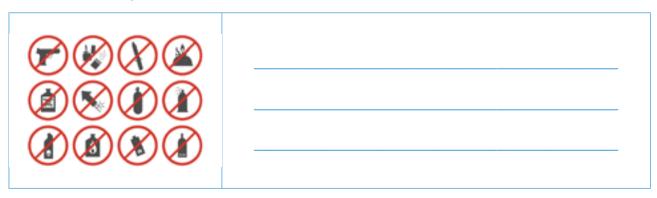
1.	Research about other ways to say the following expression in other
	languages.

	Seja Bem-vindo!	
_		

2. Cabo Verde has free visa access to some countries. Research and write a list of these countries where Cape Verdeans don't need visa.



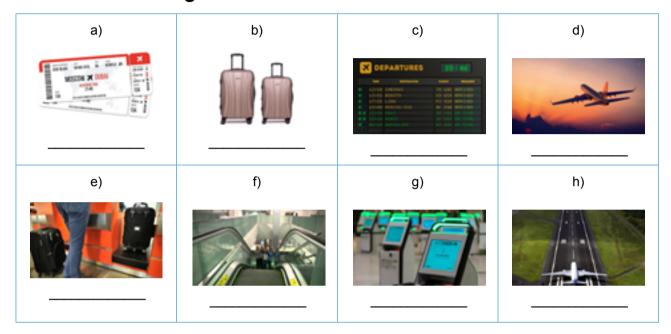
3. There are some prohibited items to travel with in your hand luggage. What are they? Write a list.





# Self-assessment

### 1. Name these images.

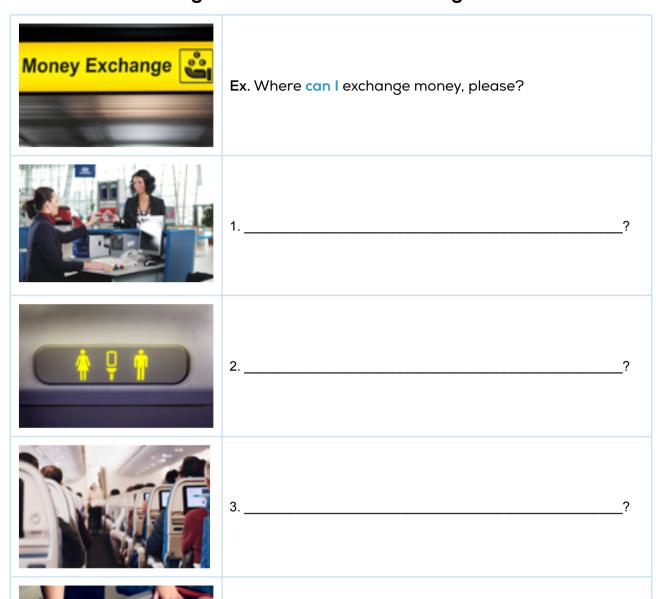


### 2. Read the following sentences and choose the correct option.

- 2.1. When you are in the check-in counter, you show your...
  - a) air ticket & passport
- b) purse
- c) driving license
- 2.2. After the check-in process, you will receive your...
  - a) driving license
- **b)** boarding pass and passport
- c) plane magazine
- 2.3. At the security division, the X-Ray machine...
  - a) takes photo of you b) scans you and your belongings c) takes you to the plane
- 2.4. The boarding announcement tells you the time...
  - a) to go to the plane
- **b)** of your meal
- c) of your check-in
- 2.5. When you receive a call to go to the plane, it is your .... time
  - a) arrival
- b) departure
- c) excursion

### UNIT1 - AT THE AIRPORT

### 3. Look at these images and write sentences using modal verbs.









# UNIT 2 At the Market

### By the end of this unit, you will be able to:

- · Identify and define the different aisles of the grocery store
  - Categorize types of goods found in grocery stores
    - Ask for assistance in grocery stores















# 1. Look at these two fridges, fridge 1 belongs to Bia and fridge 2 belongs to Nando.



1. Bia's fridge



2. Nando's Fridge

### 1.1. What does Bia need from the market for her fridge?

Let's help Bia make a shopping list to fill out her fridge.

Shopping list		





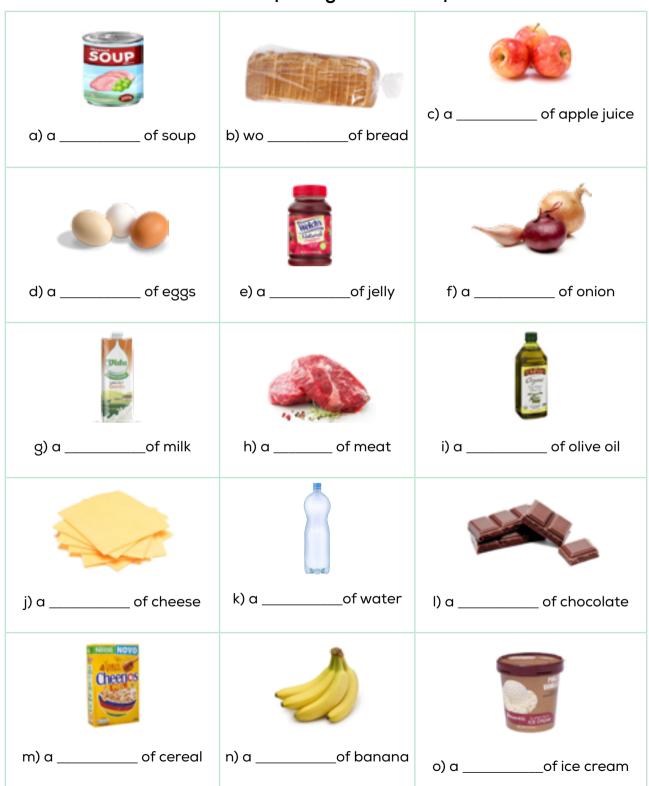
# 1.2. Now, Bia is at the market, but she needs to reorganize her shopping list to make her shopping easier.



Shopping Item Section Aisle			
Item	Section	Aisle	
Ex. Cake	Bakery	8	



1.3. To remember exactly the quantity needed, Bia reorganized her list again. Help her complete the list using the fallowing word: jar, litre, pint, bunch, box, slices, dozen, kilo, loaves, bottle, package, head, bar, pound.







### LOCATING AND CATEGORIZING ITEMS IN A MARKET

### 2. Read the following store directory.

Item	Section	Aisle	Item	Section	Aisle	Item	Section	Aisle
Oranges	Produces	2	Yogurt	Dairy	5	Ice-cream	Frozen food	3
Bread	Bakery	4	Chicken	Meats	8	Cauliflower	produce	2
Butter	Dairy	5	Eggs	Dairy	5	Ham	Meat	8
Canned corn	Canned goods	1	Flour	Bakery	6	Milk	Dairy	5
Cookies	Bakery	4	Cream	Dairy	5	Soup	Canned goods	1
Pears	Produce	2	Turkey	Meat	8	Lettuce	Produce	2
Cucumber	Produce	2	Cake mix	Bakery	6	Parsley	Seasoning Goods	7

### 2.1. Answer the following questions with complete sentences.

Ex. Where are the cookies? They are in the bakery section in Aisle 2.

a.	a) Where is the cream?	
b.	b) Where are the eggs?	

c. c) Where is the milk? \_\_\_\_\_





### Speaking

1. Practice the conversation with your partner. Ask more questions by replacing the underlined words by other items on the store directory on page 38.

Ex. Store assistant: Good morning. How can I help you?

You: Good morning. I am looking for <u>nutmeg</u>. Store Assistant: It's in the <u>bakery</u> section.

You: where is the bakery section?

Store Assistant: It's in Aisle 6.
You: Thank you very much.

Store assistant: You're welcome.





### Reading

### Poor Fridge.

Bia's mom arrived home earlier today, and she went to the kitchen to prepare vegetable soup for dinner. For her surprise, when she opened the fridge there was nothing she needed for the soup.

Immediately, she called Bia to help her make a shopping list. She needed a head of kale, a bunch of carrots, a kilo of tomatoes, a dozen of eggs and a bottle of olive oil. She also included a loaf of bread, 250 grams of cheese and a gallon of milk for breakfast.

Bia and her mom rushed out of the house and went to a nearby market. When they arrived there, they were disappointed because there weren't any kale, eggs or carrots. Consequently, they bought just items for breakfast: bread, cheese and milk.

They were so tired and, upset that they went back home and had bread and cheese with milk instead of soup for dinner.

### **UNIT2 - AT THE MARKET**

# 1. After reading the text, answer the following questions and compare your answers with your partner's.

a) Who arrived home earlier today?				
b) What was her plan for dinner?				
c) Was Bia's mom happy when she opened the fridge? Why?				
d) What did she need to make the soup?				
e) Did Bia go with her mother to the market?				
f) What did they find and what didn't they find in the market?				

g) What did they have for dinner?







### **Expressing Quantity.**

Some	It is used in positive sentences and polite questions.  Ex. I want some coffee.  Bia's mom would like to buy some loaves of bread.  Would you like some more salt?
Any	It is used in negative and questions.  Ex. We don't have any can of tuna.  Do you have any eggs?

### Exercises.

LACI CISCS.						
A. Complete the sentences with <u>some</u> and <u>any</u>						
1. Nando's fridge has		bananas, but Bia's hasn't				
2. I need bread for the breakfast, but I haven't m buy.						
3. The vegetable aisle d	oesn't have _		cabbag	je.		
4. Do you have	cabb	age, plec	ıse? No, we do	on't have	·	
	Unco	untable	nouns (U)			
	Flour/co	ffee/tea/n	nilk/sugar/tuna/			
In English, we can mak tea/ 500 gran			•	g a unit a bottle o utter/a glass of w	•	
	Cou	ıntable	nouns (C)			
	Eggs/onio	ns/orange	s/shopping bag	js/		
B. Use (U) for unco	ountable no	uns an	d (C) for co	untable nou	ns in these	
a) juice b) _	rice	c)	carrot	s d)	grape	
e) olive oil	f)	_ salt	g)	_ shopping bag	h)	
can of tuna						



### Cultural notes

1. Write the way you ask for prices of the products in three languages you know!

\_

?

### 2. In the USA, there are many types of stores.



They sell different goods in a low price



You buy the products in a great quantity



This is a very big building with different stores and entertaining places like cinema restaurant. you can also find public service such as pharmacy post office, exchange house, café, etc

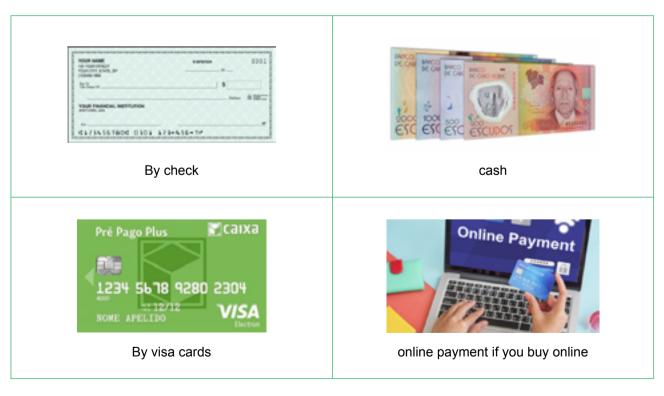


Here they sell mostly drinks and tobacco,

### 3. The currencies are different in Anglophone countries.

Country	Flag	Currency symbol and name
Nigeria		Naira
England		£ Pound
The United States of America		\$ United States Dollar
Australia	*	A\$ Australian Dollar
South Africa		R Zar

# 4. Nowadays there are different ways to pay the products you buy at the stores.







1. Circle the items you can count.



1. Write the food mentioned above by categorizing them in an appropriate column. Add more you learnt in this unit to complete the table.

Produces (vegetables/ fruits)	Dairy Goods	Sesoning products	Meat and Fish	Baked Goods	Cereal Goods	Beverages
Ex. Oranges	Eggs	oil	Salmon	Cup cake	rice	Water

### 2. Complete these following sentences using any and some.

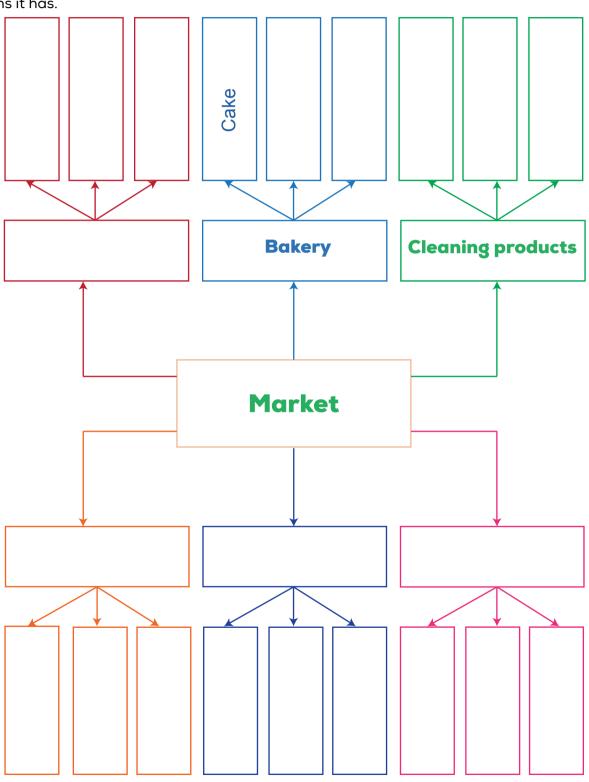
2.1 Do you need coffee?			
Yes, I need	. Ah, bring me	sugar, please.	
2.2 What about mayonnaise?			
No, I don't need	mayonnaise.		
2.3 How about dessert?			
Oh yes, let's have	apple pie. I don't need		_ cookies
because I have	·		







Take a visit to a market in your neighborhood and complete the following diagram with the items it has.







# UNIT 3 At the Restaurant

### By the end of this unit, you will be able to:

- Use restaurant vocabulary accurately and effectively
- Practice how to order food, ask for the bill and other requests
  - Develop a menu, select items/food and give opinion.













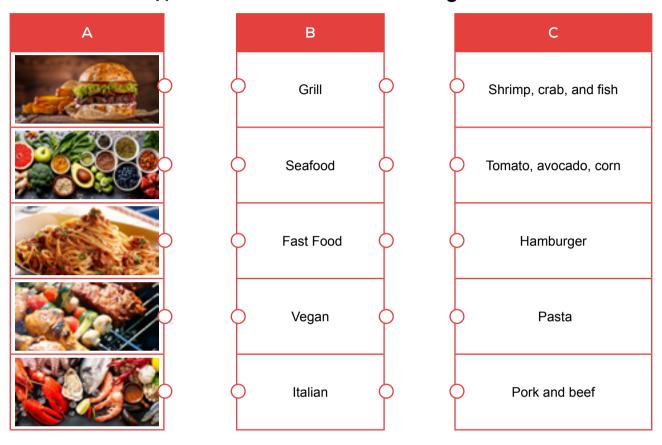
# Word file

### 1. Match the pictures to the descriptions.

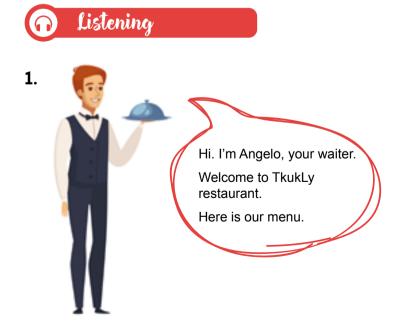




2. At what type of restaurant can you find the dishes in A? Match the dish in A to the type of restaurant in B and the ingredients in C.



3. Which type of restaurant do you prefer? Why?  $\_$ 



kannananananananananananananananananana					
	TXUKLY				
	_				
	Restauran	t 🛚			
	Starters				
Ca	aesar salad	250\$00			
W	hite cheese and olive	300\$00			
То	rresma (6)	200\$00			
	Main Courses				
Ba	arbecue Special	850\$00			
Po	ork and Ribs	700\$00			
Ka	atxupa	900\$00			
Вє	eef	650\$00			
	Beverages				
Sc	oda	100\$00			
W	ater	70\$00			
Ju	ice	90\$00			
Desserts					
Ice	e cream	160\$00			
Pι	ıdin	200\$00			
Fr	uit salad	120\$00			
munum		innumumumik			



### 1.1. What type of restaurant is Txukly?

\_\_\_\_\_

### 1.2. What would you order from Txukly's menu?

a. For starters \_\_\_\_\_

b. For main course

c. To drink \_\_\_\_\_

d. For dessert \_\_\_\_\_

### 2. Listen to the converstion at Txukly Restaurant.

### Part 1

**Angelo:** Good evening. Welcome to Txukly restaurant.

Lourdes: Good evening. A table for 3, please.

**Angelo:** Do you prefer indoors or outdoors?

Lourdes: Indoors, please. It's a little bit windy.

Angelo: Certainly. Could you follow me, please?

Here's the menu...

Lourdes: Thank you!

Angelo: Are you ready to order?

Lourdes: Yes. I don't want a starter. I'll have the barbecue special, please. How about

you, kids?

Bia: I would like a Caesar salad for starters and the Katxupa for main course.

Gio: Could I have the beef, please?

Angelo: Certainly. How would you like your beef: rare, medium or well done?

Gio: Well done, please.

Angelo: Would you like to order a drink?

Lourdes: 3 bottles of water is fine. Thank you.

**Angelo:** One moment, please. Your order is coming up.



### 3. Listen again.

### 3.1. Write the expressions the guests use to order their food.

Example: Lourdes: I'll have...

Bia: \_\_\_\_\_

# 3.2. Look at the pictures and describe which is rare, medium and well done.







b) \_\_\_\_\_



c)\_\_\_\_\_

### 3.3. Are these sentences True T or False F? Justify.

### 4. Listen to part 2

**Angelo:** Excuse me. Your order is here.

Lourdes/Bia/Gio: Thank you.

(after some time)

Bia: Excuse me. Could you bring another fork, please? This one is dirty.

Angelo: I'm sorry, I'll change it.

Bia: Thank you.

**Angelo:** Would you like to order dessert?

**Lourdes:** I don't know... **Bia:** Yes, Mom, please.



Lourdes: Ok. We'll have three ice creams, please. Bia and Gio: Yay!! **Lourdes:** Excuse me. Can you bring the bill, please? Angelo: One moment, please. Here is your bill. Are you going to pay in cash or by card? Lourdes: In cash. Thank you! Angelo: Certainly. How was everything. Lourdes: The food was delicious, right kids? Bia: Yes, very tasty. Gio: Delicious! Lourdes: Ohh! Here is your tip. Angelo: Thank you very much. 4.1. Based on the conversation, complete the bill. **Txukly restaurant Price Total** Qty Item SUB TOTAL TAX = 15%TOTAL 4.2. In most English-speaking countries, people usually leave a tip to the waiter. Would you give Angelo a tip? How much? Why?



## P

### Speaking

### 1. Create your own restaurant.

- **a.** Think on a name for your restaurant
- **b.** Decided what type of restaurant it is.
- **c.** Use the template to create your own menu.
- **d.** Receive guests and take orders using your menu. Use the conversation on page 53 as an example.

Hi. I'm Eliane, your waitress. Are you ready to order?

	(your restaurant's name)	
Starter	Specials	
Main Course	Drinks	
Dessert		
	<del></del>	





### Cultural notes

- 1. How much would you pay for a hamburger?
  - a. 200\$00 Escudos
  - b. 5.000\$00 Escudos
  - c. 80.000\$00 Escudos
  - d. 400.000\$00 Escudos



The most expensive hamburger in the world costs 400.000\$00. You can find it in Las Vegas, USA.

2. In Dubai there's a restaurant named Chillout Ice Lounge. What's so special about it? It is made entirely of ice. Yes! Even the plates, the table and the chair are made of ice.



3. Research on 3 more bizarre restaurants around the world. What is so special about them? What kind of food do they serve? Would you go there and order from their menus?

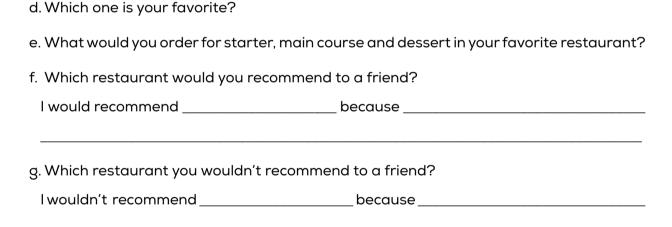




1. Research the types of restaurants in your town and present the results to your class.



- b. Do you like their menus?
- c. Are they:
- Expensive (pricy) \$\$\$
- Accessible \$\$
- Low cost \$







# Self-assessment

### 1. Find the seven differences.



### 2. Name the items that are missing.

Card	 	

# 3. Put the sentences in the right column according to who would say them.

- a) Are you ready to order? b) I'll have the salad, please c) How was everything?
- d) Excuse me, can you bring the bill, please? e) Could you follow me, please?
- $\textbf{f)} \ \textbf{A} \ \text{table for four, please.} \quad \textbf{g)} \ \textbf{Would you like to order dessert} \ \ \textbf{h)} \ \textbf{I'll have a tea}.$

### Example:

Waiter/Waitress	Guest
Are you ready to order?	



# UNIT 4 At the Hospital

### By the end of this unit, you will be able to:

- Identify health-care vocabulary
- Explain symptoms and common health problems
  - Dramatize a hospital/emergency situation













### 1. Match the words in the box to the pictures.

Drugstore/Pharmacy	Patient	Operating room	Ambulance	Nurse	Doctor
Emergency room	Hospital	Clinic	Medicine	Porter	Reception area



























### 2. Match the words in A with the descriptions in B.

Α		
Drugstore/Pharmacy		5
Ambulance		\ 
Nurse	ζ	\ 
Patient	ζ	\ 
Hospital	ζ	5
Porter	C	
Emergency room	ζ	\ 
Medicine	ζ	\ 
Clinic	C	
Reception area	ζ	\ 
Doctor	ζ	\ 

A person who takes care of patients and assists doctors.

A place where people can be admitted (stay) when they are sick.

The first place where people with urgent illnesses or injuries go.

It is what a sick person has to take in order to feel better.

It is where people buy medicines.

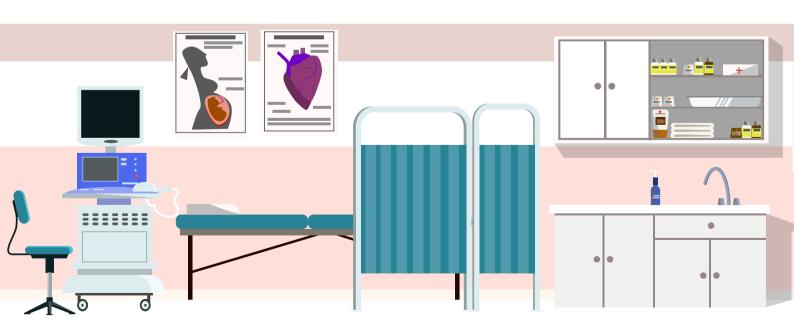
A place where doctors examine patients, prescribe medication and give instructions for treatment. People are not admitted.

It is a vehicle that takes sick or injured people to the hospital.

A part of the hospital where patients are admitted.

A person who treats people to help them recover their health and feel better.

A person who moves patients and equipment between the areas of the hospital.

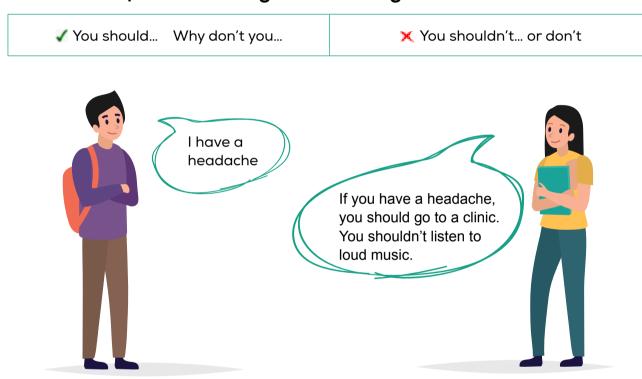


# **Speaking**

Have you ever been admitted to a hospital?

In a hospital patients can be admitted. That is, they have a serious condition so they have to stay there for some time. In clinics, patients cannot be admitted. People go there to be examined and to receive instructions for treatment. People cannot sleep or stay for a long time.

# 1. Look at the problems on the pictures and give an advice about where the person should go and do using:



- a. Jorge has a cough.
- b. Tony's throat is sore.
- c. Jair is sneezing a lot. He has got the flu.
- d. Gabriel and Sara are burning with fever.



# Listening

### 1. Before you listen, answer the following questions:

a. Have you ever been sick? Did you go to a clinic or to the hospital?

# 2. Look at the problems and match them to the right treatment and support.

What seems to be the problem?				
	a broken leg			
	A burnt hand			
	A long cut on the shoulder			
	A swollen knee			
	A broken arm			
	A stomachache			
	A rash			

	What should you do?				
	you should use crutches				
9	you should get some stitches	MAN			
0	you should take some pills	TO STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PA			
0	you should put a cast				
9	you should put ointment				
9	you should get an injection				
9	a bandage	28			

# Killik

# 3. Bia is not feeling well. She has an appointment with doctor Monteiro. Listen to the conversation on exercise 5.

### 4. Listen again and answer the questions:

a. What seems to be Bia's problem?

A cold | a broken arm | pain | stomachache

b. For how long has she had the problem?

1 week | 2 days | 3 days | 4 days

c. What did she take for it?

Pills | cream | injection | she did not take anything

d. Is she allergic to any medication?

Yes I No

e. What does the doctor prescribe?

Cast | bandage | pills | ointment

f. For how long does she have to take the medication?

3 weeks | I month | 1 week | 1 day

### 5. Listen again and complete the dialogue.

<b>Dr. Monteiro:</b> Hi. Come on in and have a seat. I am Dr. Odete Monteiro. Now, wha seems to be the problem?
Bia: I have a on my arm.
<b>Dr. Monteiro:</b> Huuummmm. Let me take a look. For how long have you been
Bia: I have been sick for about 1
Dr. Monteiro: Are you taking anything for it?
Bia: Yes, my father has put some cream on it.
Dr. Monteiro: For how long have you been using it?
Bia: I think I have using it for days.
Dr. Monteiro: I see. But it did not disappear, right?
Bia: No, it didn't, and it hurts a lot!
Dr. Monteiro: Oh poor girl! Are you allergic to any medications?
Bia: No.
Dr. Monteiro: Ok, Bia. It seems to be a serious I am going to prescribe
you some that you can buy at the You also
avoid scratching your skin.
Bia: Thank you very much, Dr. Monteiro.
Dr. Monteiro: You are, Bia. Come back if it doesn't get better.







### Look at these sentences:

Dr. Monteiro: Huuummmmm. Let me take a look. For how long have you been sick?

Bia: I have been sick for about 1 week.

What kind of situation do they describe?

Did Bia get sick today? That's right! No! When she came to the doctor she was already sick. She got sick in the past (1 week before seeing the doctor). But on the day of the appointment (present), she is still sick and the next day she will continue to be sick (future).

To show the duration of a process we use: Have been or has been (with she, he or it)

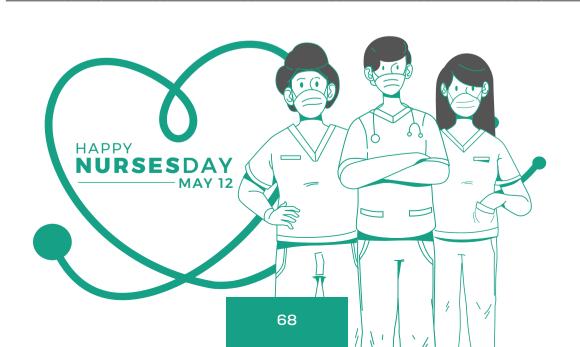
### **Examples:**

I have been a teacher for 19 years.

Bia has been sick for 3 days.

Past (got sick) Today (still sick) Future

a. For how long have you been an English student?



### UNIT4 - AT THE HOSPITAL



### Cultural notes

### 1. Riddle.

A father and son get in a car crash and are rushed to the hospital. The father dies. The boy is taken to the operating room and the surgeon says, "I can't operate on this boy, because he's my son."



### How is this possible?

40-75% of people can't solve this riddle because they're unable to imagine the surgeon is a woman. The surgeon is the boy's mother.

Do you often think of doctors and surgeons as male people? Why do think that happens?

### If so, take a look at this fact:

"Some of the earliest named doctors were women... Merit Ptah was the first female doctor known by name. She lived in approximately 2,700 BC and hieroglyphs on her tomb describe her as 'the Chief Physician'."

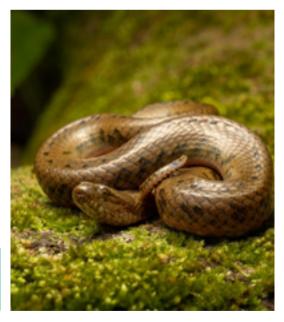
(source: <a href="https://www.historyextra.com/period/ancient-egypt/facts-history-medicine-weird-medieval/">https://www.historyextra.com/period/ancient-egypt/facts-history-medicine-weird-medieval/</a>)

### 2. Interesting fact.

Can a snake be used as medicine? Today the expression "snake oil salesman" means someone "who knowingly sells fraudulent goods". However, back in the 17<sup>th</sup> century, people used the oil of Chinese water snakes, as medicine. They used to rub the oil on the workers' joints after a long day of working.

(source: https://www.history.com/news/7-of-the-most-outrageous-medical-treatments-in-history)

What do you think about this medicine?
Would you rub snake oil on your skin?







Based on the images create a story and present it to your class.









### Self-assessment

1. What health problems do the following pictures describe?









2. You are a doctor and patients are coming to your office. Ask them about their condition, for how long they have felt it, and give some advice. Use appropriate language.

### Example:

Name	Condition	Duration	Advice
Lilian	Back pain	3 days	Should put some ice





# JAT the Beach

#### By the end of this unit, you will be able to:

- Use the beach vocabulary and phrases accurately and effectively
  - Make a list of things to bring to the beach and describe its purpose.
    - Discuss the needs of protecting the beaches.







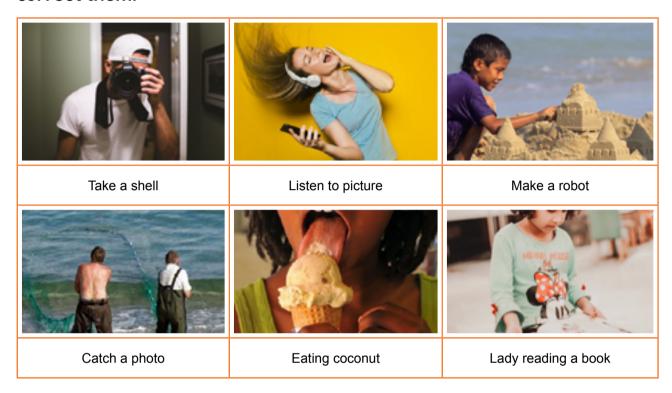








## 1. <u>Find the mistakes</u>: Read the phrase and circle the mistakes. Then, correct them.



#### 2. <u>Select objects:</u> Check the words related to the beach.

Jelly fish
Reading chair
Computer
Beach Umbrella
Paper
Carpet
Swim Suit
sunglasses



## G Listening / Reading

# 1. Listen to this dialogue among friends and practice with your classmates.

Yannick: Hello guys. How are you?

**Bia:** I am doing well. I am thinking of going to the beach.

Yannick: It is too cold to go swimming today!

**Bia:** C'mon. It is not that cold. We can make a sand castle or read a book.

Yannick: Well, reading a book is a great suggestion. Should I call Nando?

**Bia**: Sure. By the way, I have his number. Let me call him.

**Bia** (on the phone): Hey Nando, how are you today?

Nando ( on the phone): I am bored. Nothing to do today.

Bia: Well, I guess I have a suggestion for you. Let's go swimming.

Nando: That is a wonderful suggestion, Bia. Who else is coming?

Bia: Yannick is coming too. Any particular beach?

Nando: Have you ever been to Portinho?

Bia. I have never. Let's go then. See you in minute.

Yannick: I also I haven't been there. This will be fun.

Bia: Yeah, let's get ready!





## **E** Language function / Speaking

1. Listen to the previous dialogue again and pay close attention to these following expression and discuss their meaning.

I am thinking Should I By the way	Well, I guess	Have you ever
-----------------------------------	---------------	---------------

#### 2. Find a friend in class who has or has never...

E.g: Have you ever been to Kebra Kanela?

Yes, I have or No, I have never/I haven't

- a. Have you ever made a sand castle?
- **b.** Have you ever been to Maio island?
- c. Have you ever slept at the beach?
- d. Have you ever been on a boat?
- e. Have you ever helped clean a beach?





## Writing



1.	Find the n	<u>nistakes</u> :	Correct the	sentences	according	to the	picture.
----	------------	-------------------	-------------	-----------	-----------	--------	----------

a.	I can see three girls in the picture.
b.	The boys are wearing hat
C.	They are at the pool.
d	The boys are sitting on the left.
e.	It is a windy and cold day.
2. D	escribe your favorite beach and give 3 reasons why.
My fa	vorite beach is
It is m	ny favorite beach <b>because</b>
l pref	er this beach <b>due to</b>
l like t	rhis beach <b>as</b> it is





## Cultural notes

1. What <u>should</u> or <u>shouldn't</u> do to protect our beach? Write your opinion under each picture. How are these things done in Cabo Verde?







Time to do some Research! Find 5 most beautiful beaches in Cabo Verde and write 2 facts about each one.

**E.g** Tarrafal



Fact #1 - The largest beach in Santiago Island.

Fact#2- It has crystal waters and white sands



## Self-assessment

1. Fill your bag with items that you take to the beach.





- sunblock
   towel
   water
   book
   snacks
   magazine
   toys
   hat
   flip- flop
   money
   swimsuit
   ball
   cellphone
- 2. Ask your classmates the following questions. Write their name and circle (Yes) or (No) next to the question. Then, retell the information to the whole class.

a. Do you like to swim?	Yes/ No
o. Do you like to make sandcastles?	Yes/ No
c. Do you like to walk on the sand with n	o shoes on? Yes/ No
d. Do you like to be buried in the sands?	Yes/No



# UNIT 6 At the Cinema

### By the end of this unit, you will be able to:

- Use the cinema vocabulary in the right context
  - Accept and refuse an invitation politely
    - Comment and evaluate a movie















#### 1. What do you know about these logos?









#### Look at some word file!

Podcast: pequena transmissão de video/áudio

Scary: assustador

Seat: Assento

Popcorn: Pipocas

Ticket: Bilhete

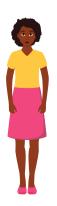




I like going to the cinema.
I would like to have more time so I can go more often with my friends.

I love animated cartoons.
I have always liked them since I was a kid. My favorite was Tom and Jerry.

The first movie I watched at the Cinema was a Disney movie. It was The Lion King. Today we have different versions of the Lion King.









## 2. Say whether the statements are TRUE or False according to the texts.

- a. Bia goes to Cinema a lot.
- b. Domingos likes animated cartoons.
- c. Patricia has seen many versions of Lion King.
- d. Domingos' favorite cartoon was Tom and Jerry.





#### 5. Complete the dialogue and practice with your classmate

Λ.	Would's	you like to	an to the	movies	on Sunday	12
<b>H</b> :	vvoula	you like to	go to the	movies	on Sunday	1:

**B**: Sure! What about ? (name of the movie)

A: I don't really like \_\_\_\_\_ movies. (scary/ comedy/ fiction)

**B**: \_\_\_\_\_\_ prefer?

A: I like \_\_\_\_\_\_. (suggest a different one)

**B**: Okay: Let's go. \_\_\_\_\_ time can we meet?

A: Let's meet at \_\_\_\_\_\_.

B: Perfect! See you soon!

A: See you!



# 1. Write an email to your friend and tell him/her about the last movie you saw.

#### Clues:

Comedy/fiction/ adventures

Main characters

Why you like it or not

It was a .....







#### Movie Review!

Name:		Date:
	My Movie Review	
Title:		
Main Characters:		
Setting:		
Movie Rating:		* * * * * *
Summary:		
What I liked:		<del> </del>
		<del>-</del>
What I disliked:		
·		
My favorite part:		
		(Illustrate on back)





















## Cultural notes

#### **Research Time!**

Find out the habits and tradition of going to cinema.

- a. Why do people go to the cinema?
- b. How does the cinema look in other countries?
- c. Are they the same as in Cabo Verde?

Share your information with your classmates.





### Self-assessment

#### 1. Match the words/ phrases with their equivalent. Use a dictionary.

- a. Download
- b. Cartons
- c. Script
- d. Star
- e. Soundtrack
- f. Projector
- g. Director

Machines that shows movie:
The music used in movies:
Stories and films made with drawings
A person in charge of the movie:
The most important actor:
The page with dialogue
The audio/video we save on the computer





## Cântico da Liberdade

Canta, irmão Canta, meu irmão Que a liberdade é hino E o homem a certeza.

Com dignidade, enterra a semente
No pó da ilha nua;
No despenhadeiro da vida
A esperança é do tamanho do mar
Que nos abraça,
Sentinela de mares e ventos
Perseverante
Entre estrelas e o Atlântico
Entoa o cântico da liberdade.

Canta, irmão Canta, meu irmão Que a liberdade é hino E o homem a certeza!



